

Minutes of Monthly Meeting M.D. Battle River No. 423

The Council of the Mun. Dist. of Battle River No. 423 met in the office of the said district on Thursday, November 10, 1938, Deputy Reeve W. Stewart in the chair, Messrs. Stewart, Blakley, Collette and Dalton present.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that minutes of October 18th be approved as read. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that matter of claim re H. Farthing for horse damage be tabled until written opinion from the Mun. Solicitor is received. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the terms of the Tax Sale as advertised in the Alberta Gazette of Sept. 30th, 1938, for Nov. 10, 1938, be cash, or otherwise arranged. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that Tax Consolidation applications on S. W. 10-S. E. 14-46-7. W. 1/4 31-45-7. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that letter from H.B.C. re S.E. 18-46-7. be received and that Secretary advise them that their request for guarantee of payment cannot be accepted and that formal application for Consolidation must be submitted before Tax Consolidation can be approved and that said land be included on the sale list. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that Tax Consolidations on the S.W. 34. S.W. 15. and N.W. 28-46-9. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dalton that Tax Consolidations on the N.E. 30-N.E. 20-N.W. 30-S.W. 24-45-7. and Sec. 2-45-8. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that Tax Consolidations on the N.W. 22-44-N.E. 4-45-8. and N.E. 6-45-8. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that Tax Consolidations on the S.E. 8-N. 1/4 31-44-9. S.W. 5-45-9. and S.E. 7-45-9. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that Tax Consolidations on the S.W. 25-N.E. 33-45-9. S.E. 5-S.W. 27-46-9. be approved. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that in the matter of issue re the S.E. 10-45-8. and J. Baska that the Mun. District's share of crop of 50 bushels No. 3 wheat be left with J. Baska. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that relief be extended to J. Baska for \$5 until December 8, 1938. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that relief

Remembrance Day Observed

The Irma Branch of the Canadian Legion held a memorial service in Kiefer's hall on November 11th at 11 o'clock. The speakers were Rev. P. A. Richard, vicar of St. Mary's Anglican church, and Rev. E. Longmire, pastor of the Irma United church. Both speakers delivered very fine Remembrance Day addresses. In the absence of Comrade W. T. Steele, who was taking medical treatment in the University hospital, Edmonton, Ode. Chas. Wilbraham acted as chairman. Mrs. B. Lowe presided at the piano, and Ode. R. H. Stone sounded Last Post. During the singing of the last hymn a collection was taken up in aid of the Tubercular Veterans. This amounted to \$5.77 and is being forwarded to Calgary to help with the expense of caring for those who through war service are suffering from that dread disease, tuberculosis, in the majority of cases brought on by poison gas. This is a very worthy cause and the Irma Branch of the Legion are very grateful for the support they received in every way. The sale of poppies this year was very gratifying indeed. At the close of the service the president of the local branch, Comrade Rev. P. J. E. McGee, spoke briefly thanking the speakers for their contribution to the program and also the audience for coming out to the service.

A dance in the evening sponsored by the Irma Branch was well attended and enjoyed.

A general meeting of both the men's and ladies' organizations will be held in the Legion hall on Saturday, November 19th, at 8 p.m. A good attendance is requested.

News From Jarrow and District

Mr. Raymond Lison of Red Deer, spent a few days recently at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Lison.

Miss Ethel Peet of Jarrow was united in marriage to Leonard Hill of Chigwell, in the United church manse, Wainwright, on Wednesday, November 9th. Rev. E. T. Armstrong performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Hill will make their home in Chigwell. We wish Ethel the best success in her married life.

Mrs. Edna Cockin and three children have been visiting her parents, also her sister, Mrs. W. Lindquist.

Mr. and Mrs. Johannes Hanson who have been farming in the Batt district are now residing in Jarrow, occupying the old home of the Marbys.

Mrs. Geo. Matthews with two of her grandchildren has returned to Jarrow where she will reside during the winter.

Mrs. I. Matthew of Tofield is visiting at the home of Mrs. Ed. Peet. Mrs. Matthew expects to spend the winter in Edmonton.

Arrangements have been made by the Board of Trade to keep the stream full of water from the deep well. Mr. Martin Westley has been engaged to attend to the pumping. Those who wish to use the water must pay monthly for the same, otherwise the water will not be granted. This is not a scheme to make money, but expenses must be met.

As usual the Jarrow Ladies' Aid chicken supper was a success, so also was the fine entertainment which followed. Every number on the program was enjoyed, especially the brass-band by members of the Aid. The auctioneer of the evening deserved much credit for his good work. He succeeded in selling every article the year's work of the Ladies' Aid.

Much sickness still continues among the children which interferes with the work of our daily school.

Rev. and Mrs. R. W. Griffith, accompanied by Mrs. H. Whidden, attended the Sunday school institute which was held in Holden last week. The sessions were inspiring and thoroughly enjoyed by all.

"A patriotism which breeds on hatred and intolerance is a bad and dangerous thing in any country, but there are few nations in which this is less likely to occur than in Canada."—Hon. Norman Rogers.

"The fresh responsibilities devolving upon the provinces of Canada and through them upon the municipalities have not been accompanied by any corresponding increase in the source of revenue at their disposal."—R. L. C. Pearce.

Women's Institute Bazaar Nov. 26

The W. I. are holding their annual bazaar on Saturday, November 26th, in Kiefer's hall. There will be on sale fancy and knitted goods, home cooking and candy. A table full of surprises; novelty apron with pie-pockets for the children. Tea will be served during the afternoon. Buy your tickets for the raffle. First prize wool bed throw, second bedspread or bed throw and four smaller prizes. Come and help on our good work. Have a social hour with your friends over a cup of tea.

Will all members who have bazaar work out please bring it in to Mrs. Percy Jones or Mrs. Webber not later than Wednesday, 22nd November.

—Mrs. C. Wilbraham, Sec'y.

PHILLIPS NEWS ITEMS

Mrs. T. Humphreys, Mrs. J. A. Speers and son David, of Alexander, Manitoba, are spending a month's holiday at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Evans.

J. G. Dobry and son Lufur are enjoying a motor trip through the mountains to Vancouver.

Phillips was well represented at the Quinte social Wednesday evening. Miss Harry won first prize for the ladies and Mr. Alec Brown for gents.

Several people have been laid up with severe colds. Ernest Meek Jr. has been on the sick list for three weeks.

H. L. Cooper returned to the city during the week.

Dr. Haworth inoculated children at the local school on Thursday.

Wedding Bells

McCAFFREY—SHAW
The home of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Shaw, Wainwright, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Friday, 28th October, at 12 o'clock, when their second daughter, Kathleen Victoria, became the bride of Mr. Denis McCaffrey. Rev. E. Longmire performed the ceremony in the presence of immediate relatives.

The bride entered the room with her father to "The Bride Chorus" from Lohengrin, played by Miss Marian Longmire. The bride looked charming in navy gorgette with matching accessories and carried a bouquet of rosebuds. She was attended by her sister, Miss Elizabeth Shaw. The bridegroom was attended by the bride's brother, Mr. William Shaw.

Following the ceremony the wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. McCaffrey will make their home on a farm in the Castor district.

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When In Edmonton

Pay a Visit to the
STRAND
EMPIRE
THEATRES.
Carefully Selected Programs
TALKING PICTURES
AT THEIR BEST
Northern Electric
SOUND SYSTEM

ALBERTA PACIFIC ELEVATOR AGENT
... is your Community Neighbor and Partner.
You will find him qualified to provide satisfactory Grain Marketing Service.

You Will Find Us Helpful In A Score of Ways

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Wainwright Branch: C. W. McBRIDE, Manager
Irma (Sub-Agency): Open Tuesday and Friday
MODERN, EXPERIENCED BANKING SERVICE... the outcome of 121 years' successful operation

Dept. of M.A., Soc. Ser. coll.	
October	836.21
Wild Lands Coll. Oct.	155.61
Irma S.D. 2435 Coll. Oct.	91.04
Sydenham S.D. 1869, Coll. Oct.	224.46
Wain. Town, Coll. Oct.	22.76
Mun. A/c comm. retid.	13.75
Prov. Treas., Ch. Wel. Aug.	16.42
M. A. Sept.	38.00
J.C. McFarland a/c, relief	
October, Bergquist	6.00
Irma Trading Co., relief, Oct.	
McLean	15.00
W. Adams, rel. Oct., Brulart	13.00
L. C. Tory, rent Abernathy,	
Aug., Sept., Oct.	30.00
Dr. Greenberg, M.H.O., retain-	
ing fee 3rd quarter	50.00
Wain. Pharmacy, Walker 1.25;	
McLean 1.00	2.25
Royal Alex. Hospital, re J.	
Baska	106.95
Can. Red. Cross, grant re	
D. McLean	50.00
Wain. Mun. Hosp., indigent sk	
in full to date	275.00
Irma Times, papers, October	25.00
M. Roth, cattle damage and dep.	17.00
L.T.O., discharge caveats	9.00
W. Adams, comm. on gopher	
poison sales	1.44
J. Bishop, due re "hopper bait	11.50
N. C. Oline "	29.17
M. D. Askin, weed inspections	7.50
J. Watson, re weeds	5.00
Petty Cash	24.56
Chas. Wilbraham, sal. Oct.	110.00
Chas. Wilbraham, re hosp. coll.,	
valuations, seizures, mileage	57.05
Irma Hardware, repairs weed pumps	
and fixtures	21.45
M. Rustie, re weeds	10.00
B. McCann, labor div.	15.00
G. Tory, repairs div. 1	1.50
L. Gwinn, labor div. 4	14.00
J. G. Rae, labor, div. 4	25.00
M. K. McLeod, blacksmith	35.00
G. Leduc, labor div. 6	15.75
L. Pohgo, blacksmith	3.75

VALUES IN SEED
There are several different qualities of seed, all at different prices, and the buyer receives good value for any price that he pays. The best value of all, however, is for the highest quality Registered and Certified seed, sealed in the sack. Considering the superior quality, it is surprising how little extra it costs.
For particulars on all the grades of seed, see the nearest Searle Agent.
SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY LTD.

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DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and MEATS
"Quality Foods Priced Right"
PHONE 13

Apples WINTER STOCK NOW ON HAND McIntosh Delicious Winter Bananas Golden Spitz Wagners Jonathans	Dresses SPECIAL THIS WEEK-END! Afternoon or Party Wear in Silk Crops or Tansaracs Latest Styles and Designs Also Twin Sweater Sets House Dresses
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Men's Wear—Jackets, Overalls, Overshoes, Etc.
SEE OUR WEEKLY CIRCULARS FOR GROCERY SPECIALS!
Our Stock Is Complete
Your orders will be appreciated and receive prompt attention at all times

Kinsella Kernels

Mrs. P. J. Wagners is a patient in the Viking hospital.

Mrs. J. Nickel of Loughheed spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. E. Ehlers.

The Kinsella Ladies' Aid annual bazaar and tea has been postponed from November 19th till Saturday, December 3rd.

Mrs. D. Corbett and Mrs. I. McKi spent Anniversary Day in Edmonton.

Miss V. Williams of Edmonton is spending two weeks with her parents in Kinsella.

Don't forget the dance in Kinsella Friday, November 18th.

Master Lloyd Granger was a patient in the Viking hospital last week.

Pay Sheets—
2 P 15.50
4 T 26.52
4 U 10.10
Moved by Mr. Collette that Council adjourn. —Carried.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec'y-Treas.,
M. D. Battle River No. 423.

Three Main Phases Being Carried Out For Prairie Rehabilitation

The rehabilitation of agriculture throughout the drought and soil drifting areas of the three prairie provinces is being undertaken on a wide and comprehensive scale through the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act passed by the Dominion Parliament in 1937. As now organized, the program embraces three main activities: cultural work to promote systems of farming that will afford greater economic security; water development to encourage and assist in the fullest utilization of all available surface water supplies, and land utilization where areas of inferior soil are being removed from crop production and community and reserve pastures established.

Over forty-seven district experimental stations regarded as outposts of the Dominion Experimental Stations in the drought areas have been established particularly to demonstrate and test best known cultural methods to make the most possible use of the limited moisture available and control soil drifting. The co-operation of individual farmers and communities is being obtained through the organization of Agricultural Improvement Associations. Over 100 associations including 14,000 members have been organized. Other cultural work includes tree planting, regrassing and reclamation of badly drifted soil areas for cropping or pasture and soil research including co-operative investigations into specific soil problems at each of the provincial universities.

Water development including engineering and financial assistance to individuals and communities, is a major activity of P.F.R.A. By the end of 1938 it is estimated that the number of completed individual dug-outs, stock watering and irrigation dams will exceed seven thousand in the three provinces. Nearly 50 per cent. of these individual projects are dugouts holding one acre foot or less of water. About 15 per cent. are irrigation projects irrigating from three to five up to fifty or one hundred acres of land and the remainder are stockwatering dams holding for the most part from five to ten acre feet of water. In addition, several small community and municipal dams have been constructed to provide water for community purposes. Some 38 larger community projects have been completed or are under construction including the Cypress Lake Project where storage will be provided for seventy thousand acre feet of water from the Frenchman River and Battle Creek for the irrigation of twenty thousand acres of land in southwestern Saskatchewan. Large projects completed or under construction which fully developed will provide for irrigation of upwards of 125,000 acres of land in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

The P.F.R.A. land utilization work is actually agricultural rehabilitation on a community basis. It has been estimated that about twenty per cent. of the soil of the sixty million or more acres of land within the open plains area of the three Prairie Provinces is sub-marginal or non-arable and where farmers should not be encouraged to remain. These lands, therefore, are being removed from crop production by the establishment of community pastures and reserve areas are being turned back to grazing. While wheat growing is recognized as the main economic crop, the establishment of community pastures on inferior types of soil will, it is believed, result in the re-establishment of prairie agriculture on a basis more in keeping with natural conditions and these lands put to their best economic use. The establishment of pastures, so far limited to Saskatchewan, is based on soil surveys by competent authorities, supplemented by detailed agricultural and economic surveys. Briefly, then, P.F.R.A. is providing means for concerted and co-operative action on the part of all Dominion, provincial and municipal agencies in establishing a more secure agriculture in the drought affected area of Western Canada.

Obstacle To Trade

G. H. Ward, secretary of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce in Great Britain, told the Canadian Export Club that one of the biggest obstacles Canadian manufacturers must contend with in marketing their products in the United Kingdom was the prevalent belief that Canada is economically at least, a part of the United States.

Corals cannot live in water colder than 58 degrees Fahrenheit.

Time Of Thanksgiving

Indian Day Conducted For First Time In Canada

It is the season of the Hunting Moon. The deer and moose and the bear and the smaller game that roam the woods and fly the fields now becoming scar, are fair targets for the Indian huntman.

Indian summer approaches. The year has been made perfect by spring and summer. It is the season lush with Nature's gifts of fruits and flowers and much corn and the fields have yielded enough that the cornucopia is spilling over. It is the Indian's time of thanksgiving.

These were the reasons given by Dr. Barnabas S'huhrshu, Great Sachem of the Indian Association of America, Inc., for the institution on the last Saturday in September of each year of Indian Day, now recognized throughout the United States, but conducted for the first time in history in Canada on the premises of Chief Little Valley at Beaver's Corners on the Six Nations' Reservation, near Brantford, Ont.

The religious side of the celebration was conducted at the Cayuga Longhouse, where a temporary altar was erected. Dr. S'huhrshu performed the liturgy and preached a sermon according to the Byzantine rite of the Eastern Church. Dr. S'huhrshu is an ordained minister of the Greek Catholic Rite and missionary-at-large to the Indians. He is a member of the Holy Brotherhood in Manitoba, and raised in Montana. For 25 years he has worked and written on behalf of Indian Day, which first was proclaimed in New York State in 1917. The movement grew, with proclamations in the State of Illinois in 1918 and the State of Washington in 1919. From then on, institution of the day throughout the United States was the rule.

According To Analyst

Receding Chin Theory Has Nothing To Do With Character

Ladies! If your husbands like to throw ashes on the carpet, go to the cleaners, or mow the lawn in winter, don't be harsh. They can't help it.

At least, that is the assertion of W. C. Colclough, Stratford Insurance man, author, and character analyst.

"There's a reason why one man has a bump on his nose, why one has 'professional' ears and the other 'executive,'" he stated. "Each tells a different story in personality."

"The person with the bump has a nervous heart, not necessarily diseased, which would mark him as a fast mover. Character analysis has shown, too, that brunettes cultivate deeper friendships than blondes, but on the other hand, fair-haired people have more initiative," said Mr. Colclough.

"A survey of salesmen has shown the majority are blond, while a glance at a convention of ministers will reveal they are practically all dark-haired," he said.

Mr. Colclough scoffed at the belief a receding chin indicates lack of determination. In fact, the inability to make quick decisions which accompanies the so-called square chin, retards a man in business, he asserted.

Liable To Fine

German Ship Sails From Canada Without Clearance Papers

The German freighter Hans Leonhardt rendered herself liable to a \$400 penalty by sailing from Pictou, N.S., without customs clearance papers, national revenue department officials said. The penalty will be collected should the ship return to any Canadian port within three years. If she does return within that time and her master does not pay the \$400 the ship would be seized and held for 30 days. If the \$400 was unpaid then, she would be auctioned by the customs department. Should she not return to a Canadian port within three years, the penalty expires.

Brought By Baqueas

Ancestry of the famous Newfoundland dog has been traced back to 1806 when Baqueas fishermen visited the new world island. They brought with them white or cream colored sheep-dogs used by Pyrenean shepherds to protect their flocks.

Hollyhocks 18 feet high have been grown at Holloway prison in England.

STRANGER THAN FICTION



Early in July some 80 tourists gathered at Gretna Green to witness a mock marriage, symbolical of that Scottish village's former fame as a haven for runaway marriages. From the crowd two complete strangers were chosen as bride and groom—Miss Dorothy Geenty of Ortonville, Minn., and William James Brinton of Johannesburg, South Africa. A friendship started which reached its climax when the pair were married in Minneapolis on Sept. 10 and this photograph shows them as they sailed from Quebec on the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Australia" on the first lap of their journey to South Africa.

Old Tattoo Artist

Intends To Get Back Into The Business Some Day

Charlie Johnson, who claims to be Canada's foremost tattoo artist, retired from the business 22 years ago, but intends to get back into it some time. He works in a New Toronto factory.

"Once in the show business, you never lose the urge to get back, no matter how long you've been away from it," he said.

Charlie was a tattoo artist in Montreal for 15 years. He travelled all the big-time circuits on the continent. He knew the New York Bowery in the old days and Chicago's big-time circuit.

"There's not enough business now," he says. "A fellow has to have something else to do besides tattooing. The best way is to have a shooting gallery of something like that so you don't have to depend entirely on tattooing."

"There's only one tattooer in Toronto now," Charlie continued, "but he doesn't work full time at it."

Those Who Talk Shop

Are Usually Men Who Are Interested In Their Work

The librarian of the great American prison of Sing-Sing wanted to know what types of book the convicts preferred.

He asked 200 of them and five said "Crime stories." But a check on the records showed that 75 per cent. of books taken out were crime stories.

Perhaps the coyness of the convicts can be simply explained.

Perhaps they did not want the librarian to know they liked talking and reading "shop."

The most stupid of modern poses is "no talking shop." Why a man should be thought a bore if he talks about his job but all right if he talks about his racing is one of the big mysteries of 1938.

It's just sham. If we really were not interested in our jobs we should not have them for long—London Sunday Dispatch.

Smart "Two-Some" Crocheted Easily



The beret—so flattering—so suitable for many occasions—is yours for the making. Yarn is effective for this one with matching purse. Pattern 6203 contains instructions for making set; materials needed; illustration of set and of stitches. To obtain this pattern send 30 cents in coin (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 178 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Eminent Authority Says That Canadian Nutrition Is Probably Highest In World

Work Of Six Years

Ex-Serviceman Made Suite Of Inlay Furniture

In Briarcrest, Sask., is to be found a suite of inlay furniture which cannot be matched anywhere in Canada. It is all handmade and is the work of an unemployed ex-serviceman, who calls it his "depression furniture," for he says that had it not been for the depression he would not have had the time to build it.

The suite contains Morris chair, rocking chair, arm chair, settee, centre table, library table, two jardiniere stands, serving cabinet and grandmother's clock.

The woods used in the inlays include oak, maple, black walnut, mahogany, soft maple, red Tennessee cedar, Mississippi curly pine, ebony and holly.

Work was started on the suite in March, 1932, and some idea of the inexhaustible patience of the maker can be gathered when one learns the top of the table contains 850 pieces. The serving cabinet contains 1,490 pieces and entailed hours of labor, while the grandmother's clock contains 4,198 separate inlays and was built at a cost of 1,274 hours of painstaking effort.

In all, there are between 13,500 and 15,000 inlays in the whole suite, scores of which are so small that a special drill had to be made out of a darning needle.

All the furniture has been given a natural finish and the smallest spot is a definite inlay, with nothing painted on.

With the exception of the clock and the serving cabinet, the pieces were all made from rubbish. For instance, maple was obtained by securing the country for old-fashioned bed springs with wooden sides and more than 25 of these were cut up and used in these pieces. Black walnut was obtained from an old organ, while the mahogany was also a broken piece of furniture salvaged from the scrap heap. All eight pieces were completely finished at a cash cost of less than \$10.

No machinery has been used on this work, but only such tools as may be found in any average farm workshop, in fact the maker has various pieces of tools which were never used for this work at all.

All patterns and designs of each article are original, each piece being designed as the article progressed. The whole suite would make a really worthwhile exhibit in any furniture store.

To Protect Wheat

Plan To Prevent Grain Being Stolen From Granaries

Furman McKean, who farms in a district north of Rouleau, Sask., is carrying out a plan which he thinks will prevent wheat being stolen out of his granaries, or if wheat should be stolen, will make it easy to detect the thief.

He has had his name and address printed on a large number of small slips of paper and when he puts his wheat into granaries for winter storage he will sprinkle the slips of paper all through the wheat. Mr. McKean's name and address will be printed on the paper slips, and if the grain is stolen and taken to an elevator to be sold the seller will be questioned by the elevator agent. In the event of the grain being sold successfully and without question the slips of paper bearing Mr. McKean's name and address will make it a simple matter to trace the grain.

Mr. McKean is taking this precaution in regard to his stores of wheat because his farm already has been visited by thieves and quantities of barbed wire stolen.

Holds Speed Record

Streamlined Express "Coronation" Travelled 125 Miles An Hour

The recent run of the London and Northeastern Railway streamlined express, "Coronation," when a speed of 125 miles an hour was attained, is according to the Railway Gazette, a record for a steam-hauled, says Industrial Britain. At the time it was known to be a record for a British locomotive, but since July 3, when the train took place, it has been revealed that a German record which had been regarded as the fastest steam locomotive speed hitherto attained, was actually slower than that of the L.N.E.R.

"Ma, the boot-repairer's called for his money." "Tell him he's out of his turn. I haven't paid for the boots yet."

"Canadian nutrition is much better than that in England. It is probably the highest in the world," said Sir Edward Mellanby, eminent British nutritionist, addressing a large meeting at Ottawa in the convention hall of the Chateau Laurier, under auspices of the Canadian Medical Association. He spoke on: "The Importance of Diet for the Maintenance of Health."

Sir Edward declared that for raising the general standard of health, diet was far more important than housing. Diet was of the first importance from a health standpoint.

The whole problem of proper nutrition was one of education and economics. It varied with different countries. In Canada it seemed to him it was a matter of education.

The Lady Tweedsmuir, and a party from Government House, attended the lecture. Senator Cairine Wilson, president of the League of Nations Society, was in the chair, and introduced Sir Edward as chairman of the Committee on Nutrition under the League of Nations.

Senator Wilson quoted an authority as declaring that nothing would better solve the problem of appeasement among the nations than an approved standard of living.

Dr. F. F. Tisdall, of Toronto, president of the Canadian Council on Nutrition, thanked the speaker.

Sir Edward said "we have greatly returned to the old Greek idea that a healthy mind in a healthy body is the greatest aim of life. He believed people to-day were cleaner and more decent. There had been a great development in the standard of living. Sanitation had been improved. Much more was known to-day of the vital elements necessary in proper dieting. With education, the general standard of health and vitality could be raised."

Findings of nutritionists during the last 20 years had established that all foods required for complete health could be obtained by building the diet around dairy products such as milk, cheese and butter, fresh and cooked vegetables, fresh fruit, meat, eggs, fish, liver and kidneys.

"The greatest cause to be discovered, B-1, came to light when prisoners, and hence, on the Island of Java, bath of which were being fed on polished rice, developed the same disease. All other discoveries regarding the health-protective features of natural foods had been made since the Great War. Since the war it had been discovered that rice was due to the lack of Vitamin D, obtainable from sunshine and cod liver oil.

"In all countries there was a great amount of stunted growth, both physically and mentally. The poorer the person, the more likely he is to be stunted." Of 55,000 would-be recruits for the British Army examined between 1930 and 1935, about 40 per cent. were rejected because of bad teeth, deafness, flat feet, and heart disease, all attributable to poor diet. It was indicative of the low health level of Britain's poorer classes, as all these ailments were common among them.

"The wealthy also had their own diseases. If it is any comfort to the poor, the well-to-do have a higher death rate from diabetes and appendicitis. It balances out."

Milk and potatoes were mentioned as tremendously important articles of diet. Races with a diet rich in milk had greater stature, physique, and mental development. Tests in an English private school had shown that the addition of one pint of milk daily to the basic diet increased the strength and weight of pupils. The incidence of rheumatism was also decreased.

He said that milk, the yolk of an egg, and green vegetables, should be eaten twice a week. If children got adequate milk supplies they had fewer colds, and their mental processes were brighter.

Receives Fortune

Chicago Man Inherits One Hundred Million On His Birthday

Marshall Field III, grandson and namesake of the Chicago merchant prince, inherited a \$100,000,000 fortune recently, on his 45th birthday. It represents the accrued interest on the estate left by Marshall Field I, who he died in 1906 and was the forerunner of an inheritance five times that amount.

The three-married Field will get the entire estate of \$500,000,000 five years hence when he reaches the half century mark.

"It isn't safe to judge a man by what he stands for any more. It's what he falls for that counts."

Try **BIG BEN** and convince yourself - it's a Better chew!

BIG BEN
The PERFECT Chewing Tobacco

State Medicine's Appeal

State medicine, whether it be in the form of compulsory health insurance, compulsory co-operative medicine or a full fledged state medicine plan, in which the State would have control of the entire field and doctors, nurses and attendants would be salaried civil servants is much in the public eye in Western Canada as well as other countries of the world.

In recent years in Western Canada many organizations have gone on record in support of some form of State medicine on a province-wide basis. Other organizations have appointed committees to make a study of State medicine and all its implications and costs and in some of the provinces legislation has been placed on the statute books providing for the inauguration of a scheme of State medicine at a later date.

It is not at all surprising that the plea for State medicine, in one or other of the forms in which it has or is taking shape should appeal to the popular fancy when one remembers that behind it all is the general principle that when one or other of the mooted plans has been put into operation it will make available to all who are sick or suffering, the alleviation and remedies which medical science has to offer; that the best of medical and surgical skill will be available to all, regardless of their financial status and further, that it will, by the very nature of its scope, extend the field of preventive medicine.

The consummation of these objectives is indeed highly desirable at the earliest possible opportunity. The humanitarianism behind such plans constitutes a powerful appeal to the imagination and this is one of the factors which away large conventions and groups to make an insistent demand for social reform of this character.

Cost Is A Consideration

Just because a project is highly desirable does not necessarily mean that it is economically feasible and this point is sometimes overlooked in the eagerness of the wish to put it into immediate operation. That there is a strong tide flowing in the direction of some form of compulsory health insurance in many countries of the world, and particularly in the democratic countries, cannot be denied, and it would appear that by evolutionary process it will be brought about in due course in many countries, states and provinces which have so far only tasted its benefits on a small scale and in a voluntary way.

Before, however, such beneficial programs are adopted and put into effect, the cost must be counted if there are to be no subsequent regrets. There must not only be a realization of what the cost will be, but also of the source of the necessary funds; in other words who is going to pay and how.

In this connection it is not amiss to point out that the cost of a province-wide scheme, no matter in what form it may be levied, can only come out of the pockets of the people of that province at any rate until such time as it may be adopted as a national scheme. If a substantial number of the residents of a province have no resources, temporarily or permanently, the entire economic burden must in the meantime fall on the remainder of the citizens of that province. Coupling this fact with the financial condition of a large percentage of the residents of the three prairie provinces during the past few years, the reason why those provinces which have such legislation on their books have not yet put it into effect is not far to seek.

Ability To Pay A Factor

In Saskatchewan where there is, as yet, no state medicine legislation enacted, a compulsory "co-operative medicine" project designed to provide "free" medical, nursing, hospital and medicinal supplies to the entire population is finding some favor. The cost per capita is estimated by its sponsors to be \$10.82, including a provincial government contribution, or an annual average levy of \$48.69 for the average family. How many families in Saskatchewan could this year meet an additional levy of \$48.69 on top of other tax levies, or could have done so last year when approximately half the population was on relief? It is a safe venture to assert that neither in 1937 nor in 1938 could such a project have been financed out of current levies.

In Greenbelt, Maryland, where a co-operative community is being operated under the New Deal, an annual levy ranging from \$78 for an unmarried man to \$117 for a family of six is being collected from the residents to pay their contributions to the Greenbelt Health association which guarantees for its members medical care, preventive and remedial, presumably at cost.

In New Zealand where a full fledged national health service comprising free medical service, with free hospital and sanatorium treatment for everybody, free mental treatment in institutions, free medicine and free maternity care, including the cost of maintenance in special maternity homes, the probable annual cost is estimated by G. H. Maddex, a British government actuary, at \$15,000,000 without taking into account substantial additional expenditures of hospital boards for which funds are secured by municipal levies, and it is announced that in making his report Mr. Maddex added the warning that "once hospital accommodation was given free of charge there might well be a greatly increased demand for it, which would increase the cost."

Probably Learned

Thomas Craven, art critic and author, in search of color for a book concerning Southern life, went to the field to learn about picking cotton by working at it for a day. As dusk settled he dragged a long sack to the weighing stand. It contained 20 pounds of cotton. He was paid 12 cents for his day's work.

Pioneer youth spent much of its time cutting down. Modern youth spends much of its time cutting up. The pioneers raised the trees; the moderns raise the dicks.

PATENTS

AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of inventions and their owners. Registered Patent Attorneys, 273 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.

Unnecessary Work

For more than a century occupiers of a mountain farm at Cressney, six miles from Pembroke, have tramped a mile to fetch drinking water. In times of drought even the well failed, and then water had to be brought from Redberth, three miles away. A water diver has just discovered a spring—at the farmhouse back-door.

Ancient Aztecs used fire beetles as lanterns to light their paths. Bundles of the insects were tied to the wrists of the night traveler.

The 100-inch silvered mirror at Mt. Wilson Observatory in California is polished with rouge.

The witch-hazel bears both its flowers and fruit in autumn.

Will Take Two Years

For Canada To Get Air-Defence Program Under Way

New ships are taking to the air every month as Canada's air defence program takes shape, Hon. Ian Mackenzie said at Ottawa. "Soon we will have the first of our Blackburns (fighters) being manufactured in Vancouver," he added.

About two years will be required to get an air program really under way, said Mr. Mackenzie. Because matters of defence are listed among those things which are state secrets, and because of rigid governmental rules concerning announcement of policy, the Minister of National Defence would give no forecast of what this year's armament budget would be, nor would he draw any conclusions for Canada, concerning the effect of recent European developments.

But the recent crisis is likely to have a profound effect upon the status of the armed forces of Canada, according to a hint he dropped, and according to reports which have circulated in Ottawa since the Munich truce was signed.

"That situation has brought the realization to every one that the democracies seem to be going behind as compared with the dictatorships in the matter of armaments," he said. And he added that he believed Canada's air force should be expanded, within our financial limits, and that there would be no relaxation of efforts to build an adequate defence for the Dominion.

Empire Press Meeting

Conference To Be Held In Ottawa In 1940

The council of the Empire Press Union accepted the invitation of J. H. Woods, chairman of Canadian section, to hold the sixth Imperial Press conference in 1940 in Canada. The conference proper, lasting three days, will be held at Ottawa and it is planned delegates will tour the Dominion from coast to coast.

At the council meeting it was agreed Canadian section would be asked to arrange the conference for August or September on the grounds this would be more convenient than the early summer.

The first Imperial Press conference was held in London, the second, held in Canada in 1926, lasted seven weeks, including the cross-country tour. The third conference was in Australia, the fourth in London and the fifth in Cape Town, South Africa.

Gift To Premier King

Explanation Settles Any Doubt About Owner Of Laurier House

Prime Minister King owns Laurier House in Ottawa. Many people think that Laurier House belongs to the Liberal party and is to be the official residence in Ottawa of the leader of the Liberals.

The best explanation of the status of Laurier House comes from none other than Mr. King himself, who says: "Laurier House was given originally to Lady Laurier. It belonged to her, not to Sir Wilfrid. It was left to me by Lady Laurier in her will. I paid the succession duties at the time I became the owner of the house; which I named Laurier House, and, as the owner, have paid taxes ever since."

That should make it clear to anyone who may have wondered just who owns Laurier House it Ottawa. —Windsor Daily Star.

Many Ingredients

A 200-pound human body contains one-fourth ounce iron, one-fifth ounce sugar, one and eight-tenths ounces salt, 24 pounds coal (in the form of carbon), 40 gallons water, one-tenth drop iodine, one and eight-tenths pounds phosphorus, 112 cubic feet oxygen, 60 cubic feet nitrogen, 561 feet hydrogen, and seven pounds lime.

Flags used at the battle of Waterloo were carried by the Cameron Highlanders in a recent ceremonial parade in Inverness, Scotland.

TAKE THE LEAD OUT OF YOUR LEGS

Get Oxygen in Your Blood and You'll Get the Pep that Sends You Bounding Up the Stairs. People who suffer to death die because oxygen has been completely cut off from them. Just as surely you are slowly smothered if it is not blood lacks red corpuscles. Red corpuscles are your oxygen-carriers. They carry the oxygen you breathe to every part of your system. Without enough oxygen, your blood is thin, your liver, stomach and bowels slow down. Your skin grows pale, your hair falls out, you may become listless, you tire quickly.

What you need is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These world-famous pills help make new red blood corpuscles and thus increase the oxygen-carrying power of your blood. Get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills today at your druggist. See for yourself how quickly this iron-brewed health builder will build back your pep. Get 100¢ U.S. Patent Office, Ltd.

Yes, Sir - **BEE HIVE Syrup** is my morning cereal sweetener. TRY IT TOMORROW

Has Various Duties

Necessary For Australia's Prime Minister To Write To Himself

The Australian Press Bureau says new records are being established by the Prime Minister (Mr. Lyons), who admitted that his varied ministerial duties had required him, to write, a letter to himself.

In a reminiscent mood, he made a tally of his ministerial jobs during his long political career, but even now he isn't certain whether the passage of the years may not have made him forget one or two.

At any rate, he remembers that in Tasmania he served as Premier, Treasurer and Minister for Education, Mines, Forestry, Hydro-electric Undertakings and Railways, while his Commonwealth career has included the posts of Prime Minister, Treasurer, Vice-President of the Executive Council, Postmaster-General and Minister for Health, Repatriation, Defence, Commerce, Works and Railways.

Recently the Minister for Defence (Mr. Lyons) had a request to make to the Prime Minister (Mr. Lyons) and duly started his letter "My Dear Prime Minister."

He is now waiting a reply from himself, and it is expected that the request will be granted.

Gave Them Great Thrill

People Chosen At Random Remembered Their First Phone Call

An inquiring reporter recently interviewed five people chosen at random and asked if they could remember their first telephone call. The answers were amazing. Because the thrill of it was so great, all but one could recall the experience as if it happened yesterday. The fifth "took the telephone for granted, like street cars, radio, airplanes, motor cars—all are common-place now."

Of the others, one said, "I could hardly speak, and could not hear from excitement." Another stated, "When I heard a voice speak to me over it, I got a funny feeling which is hard to describe." A Hamilton subscriber when 12 years old answered the telephone for the first time to hear of the assassination of President McKinley. Can you remember your first telephone call?

SELECTED RECIPES

BRAN MUFFINS

1 cup pastry flour
1 cup St. Lawrence or Durham Corn Starch
1 cup bran
1 cup Bee Hive Golden Corn Syrup
1 cup chopped dates, or raisins, or mixed
1 cup butter or shortening
1 cup sour milk
1 teaspoon baking soda
1 teaspoon salt
1 egg

Mix butter (shortening) and syrup. Add sifted dry ingredients and bran alternately with beaten egg and milk, then fruit. Bake in rather hot oven 10-15 minutes. Serve with three teaspoons baking powder may be used in place of sour milk and soda. Makes one dozen large, or one and a half dozen small.

HARD CANDY

1/2 cup Bee Hive Golden Corn Syrup
1 lb. brown sugar
1 scant cup hot water
Mix all thoroughly and boil without stirring until it forms a very hard ball in cold water. Pour out on well buttered tin. Mark into small squares while still warm. Nice for small children.

MacPherson: "I have heard free mail neither in Australia for almost 30 years."

MacTavish: "Perhaps it's no his turn to write!"

Ant. eggs are an important article of food in Africa.

Vicious Attack

Only Four Marksmanship Of Japs Saved British Gunboat Sandpiper

Bad Japanese marksmanship alone saved the British Gunboat Sandpiper from the fate of the United States gunboat Panay, bombed and sunk by Japanese planes last December 17, according to eye-witness stories told by members of the Sandpiper's crew.

All asserted that the British flag painted on the Sandpiper's bridge was clearly visible when the gunboat was attacked by six Japanese planes.

"I dread to think what would have happened if a direct hit had been scored," one of the officers declared. "We probably would have gone to the bottom like the Panay."

Officers and other members of the crew said the gunboat had been lying at anchor for a full 48 hours before the attack.

"The Sandpiper was lying peacefully at anchor waiting to take on an American naval unit for a court-martial when a heavy drone overhead announced the arrival of Japanese planes," one sailor said.

"Six heavy bombers, flying in perfect arrowhead formation, passed low overhead. Hardly had they passed when, to the consternation of everyone, they suddenly veered around and, with engines roaring, the whole flight made a mass dive at the Sandpiper."

"Those on board and on land were horrified. They just stood helplessly where they were. They were unable to understand what was happening, or what was likely to happen."

"When the planes reached what seemed only a few feet above the Sandpiper each machine released one bomb, which sped toward the ship with a swishing noise. Fortunately, all but one bomb fell very wide of the mark."

"The bomb that did the actual damage did not actually hit the Sandpiper. It exploded so near, however, that fragments rattled aboard, tearing holes in two cabins and smashing down the hatch. The planes then flew away."

Colonial Representation

Suggestion Made That Britain Should Follow Italy's Example

Lord Beaverbrook's Daily Express suggested Great Britain should follow Italy's example in granting representation to her colonies in the nation.

The Express grand council in Rome decreed the North African colony of Libya should become an integral part of Italy. France for many years has given her colonial representation in the French parliament.

"If Jamaica and Trinidad had sent representatives to voice opinions at Westminster during the last few years their lives would have been less troubled," the paper said. "We would have heard about their grievances from the floor of the House of Commons, not from newspaper reports of disturbances in those colonies." The paper cited other cases where an airing in the commons might have facilitated a settlement.

"There is no longer any practical reason why the colonies should not be represented in London," it added. "We can link this country and our African and West Indian possessions by means of air so that the journey is reduced to a matter of hours."

"You didn't have a rag on your back when I married you," he said. "Anyway," she replied, "I've plenty now."

Almost any wild animal will hesitate of attack if you pick up a stone and make a pretense of throwing it. Jungle explorers have found.

Rumania has more gypsies than any other country in the world.

How to Ease CHEST COLD MISERY

VICK'S VAPORUB
FIRST—massage throat, chest, and back with Vicks VapoRub as bedtime. This relieves the distress.
THEN—to make its long-continued action last even longer, spread a thick layer of VapoRub on the chest and cover with a warm cloth.
LAST—after sleep comes, VapoRub keeps working. Loosens phlegm—eases muscular aches or tightness—clears air-passages—cures coughing—relieves local congestion.
Often, by morning, the worst of the cold is over.

According To Science

Milk Is More Digestible If You Drink It Quickly

The Commentator Magazine says one of America's pet superstitions about milk gets a swift kick from science. Time and time again people have warned you to drink your milk slowly and in sips so that it will digest more easily. However, recent clinical experiments conducted in Germany prove the opposite to be true. The scientists find that milk drunk slowly engenders more extensive curdling and is therefore more indigestible than if drunk at a faster rate. A group of large milk curdles, it seems, is more easily acted upon by the digestive juices than a large number of small ones. This just goes to show how smart you really were as a youngster when you wanted to down that glass of milk in one gulp and mother would not let you.

New Cause Of Deafness

May Be Due To Misaligned Jaw

A new treatment to cure deafness was related to the Detroit Chapter of the American Society for the Hard of Hearing as National Hearing Week got under way at Detroit.

Dr. J. K. Lyons, of Jackson, Mich., told Society members many cases of deafness were caused by abnormal relations between the jaws. Repositioning of the jaws, the dentist said, often would entirely eliminate deafness.

"There is a definite need of further research in this field," Dr. Lyons said. "There is no agency in the country devoted to the work. In the case of little children, when this abnormality is discovered early enough, it is possible to cure deafness immediately."

The Newest Wrapping

Old Shoes Made Into Artistic Material for Beautiful Shades

A process of turning old shoes or waste leather into a durable and beautiful, transparent wrapping has been discovered, McGill University scientists disclose.

They have been advised that the waste leather is first steam-treated and then subjected to several chemical processes which turn it into a transparent wrapping, colored to lend beautiful shades to the articles it contains. The new type wrapping, they said, can be made very cheaply, because the basic product used is waste material.

Waves reach heights ranging from 25 to 30 feet during the more turbulent storms at sea. The highest wave ever recorded reliably was 80 feet, and was seen in 1922.

Four is regarded as an unlucky number by the Japanese. Their word for it is similar to the word for "death."

If all of an oyster's progeny lived and multiplied through six generations, the pile of shells would be six times the size of the earth.

OVERHEARD AT THE BEAUTY PARLOR...

... SAVING LEFT-OVER FOOD IS SAVING MONEY... I KEEP EVERYTHING FRESH IN PARA-SANI



PARA-SANI
Heavy WAXED PAPER

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.
WAREHOUSES AT WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON



Eastern Workmen and their Families Eat over \$20,000,000 worth of Western Meats and Butter

THE Eastern industrial worker likes Western food and he buys plenty of it — when he's working.

For instance, take an item like meat. Eastern sales alone brought the West nearly \$20,000,000 in 1936. Sale of 10,000 tons of butter brought in nearly \$5,000,000 more, while grain products, poultry and eggs meant another \$15,000,000 in Western pockets.

That's why it's so vital to the West to keep the Eastern worker busy. And one way you help do it is by the purchase of a Canadian-built car, for an active Automotive industry keeps many other industries humming — and all their workers and their families must be fed.

Of course, your money goes East — but it comes back to you in no uncertain fashion: in the purchases of your best customer, the industrial East, that aggregate over \$40,000,000 a year.

For statistical and further information about this industry, write to Automotive Industries, 1006 Lumsden Building, Toronto.



ARE YOU INTERESTED IN INCREASING YOUR YIELDS PER ACRE?

Good seed is the foundation of a profitable crop. Rust-resistant Wheat may be obtained at NORTHERN ELEVATORS through the Canadian Wheat Board's exchange policy. See our nearest Agent for details on how to obtain Registered or Certified seed at cost.

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ROYAL GEORGE HOTEL
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Leave Irma daily, going east, 8.10 p.m.

Leave Irma daily, going west, 8.15 a.m.

WEEK-END EXCURSIONS ON ALL LINES

Sunburst Motor Coaches Ltd.

HOTEL YORK
CALGARY

Also operating
HOTEL ST. REGIS
WEEKLY and MONTHLY RATES

The World of Wheat

By H. G. L. STRANGE
Director, Research Dept., Seagull Grain Company, Limited

Twenty years ago the blessings of peace descended upon a war-weary world.

The peace had been won by the soldiers of the allied armies who for four and a half years had endured the most acute hardships and sufferings. The allied soldiers won back the land the enemy had conquered, made him sue for peace, disarmed him and then occupied his territory; and afterwards by their good behaviour and by their fair and kindly treatment, the British soldiers won the high regard, the respect and esteem of the enemy people.

Now the world is re-arming on a scale greater than ever. The people of some countries have been required to give up butter for more guns, and soon we may all be asked to give up butter and even bread for more armaments, and shortly the sons of the old soldiers will no doubt be called upon to fight the very same war all over again.

Pondering over all this, the war veterans at an Armistice Day Reunion, in Winnipeg, thought that the politicians of the world should be required to give an accounting of what they have done with the Victory and the Peace that was handed to them for safe-keeping by the allied soldiers twenty years ago.

Following factors have tended to raise price: U. S. Department of Agriculture predicts reduction in U. S. seeded wheat acreage; India continues to buy Australian wheat; Light frosts reported in Argentina; Rain needed in Russia; Considerable delay in Australian shipments; Rains delay milling of rice in Demerara, British Guiana; India experiences poor monsoon (rainy season).

Following factors have tended to lower price: Roumania raises wheat subsidy; Steamer chartering in excess of export business results in unsold cargoes; France closes colonies to foreign wheat imports; Argentine wheat cutting begins; Rains relieve U. S. drought situation; Private Argentine wheat estimate of 307 million; Change in official exchange rate of Argentine peso.

For Job Printing see E. W. Carter

World of Sport

By H. H. C.

The Edmonton Eskimos, under the guiding hand of the local hockey strategist, Clem Loughlin, journeyed last week to Saskatoon for two games with the Quakers. The way in which the Quakers walloped the Eskimos makes one conclude that the boys who parade in Quaker Oats are equal to those who follow the advice of Pop-eye and consume spinach. You will recall that Clem trained 'those Quakers' last year, and now he hopes to build a new team that will in time be able to trim his old group. He probably is not at all disappointed in the results so far.

The Trail Smoke Eaters are taking a couple of exhibition games in Calgary and Edmonton just to finish polishing their style before crossing the ocean for a tour of Europe. To make such a trip is worth a lot to any young man for the sake of educational features, but to get paid as well is surely the height of good luck. So you can imagine the feelings of Art Forrest, one of the players, stricken with apendicitis just on the eve of this great adventure. Nature played an awful prank on the humans when it made that "Y" in the alimentary canal. It may be a source of joy to the surgeon, but it is constantly interfering with the plans of athletes.

A college team from Lennoxville, Quebec, played Ridley College, St. Catharines, last Saturday, and established a record of which they are not proud. They were unable to score a single point while the Ontario boys managed to amass the almost unbelievable total of 101. One might conclude the players combined to achieve such a result, for evidently the opposition was almost nil.

The salary of the President of the U. S. is said to be \$75,000. He has to work hard for that, and be prepared to take a lot of hard knocks with the chance of a bullet from some crazy fellow. Compare this with Don Budge who has just signed to play tennis as a professional at \$75,000. He gets that for sure with the chance of a lot more if the gate receipts permit. Imagine doing something you just love to do and having all that kale thrown at you. Would you duck and run away from it? Do you think his feelings are hurt by being now dubbed "professional"?

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS' STAND FOR WHEAT BOARD

Vigorous declaration in favour of continuance of the Canadian Wheat Board and protection of farmers' earnings, disastrously low prices, was made by the Board of Directors and the delegates attending the company's annual meeting in Calgary at the beginning of the month. The Board, however, in the annual report, pointed out the need for western unity to overcome difficulties in the way of securing continuance. Contributing to such difficulties, it was suggested, would be any attempt to exploit the Wheat Board. The report stated:

"Only through continued national realization of the importance of the wheat growing industry, and of the disabilities suffered by the West will it be possible to have the Wheat Board continued. There will also be required united action in the West and generous recognition of the extent to which help has been afforded this year. Any attempts to make personal, commercial or political capital out of the Board, any tendency on the part of a person, a party or an institution to claim credit for its existence, imperil the future operations and the very existence of the Board."

"Your Company, for such reasons has refrained, not only from attempts to claim credit for the part it played in connection with the Board, but also from seeking any publicity for its various efforts. Several times, in different localities in the West, it has appeared that the commercial interests of the Company were suffering on this account. Your Board, however, felt that shareholders would prefer even to risk some small loss of business on this account than have the Company engage in a scramble for credit which would make it more difficult to secure a united national opinion in the future in favor of a Wheat Board."

Mayor Fry, of Edmonton, was re-elected for a second term in the civic elections held in Edmonton last Tuesday. Mr. Fry led the poll by a handsome majority over Joseph Clarke, running as an independent, and Chas. Gould, endorsed by social credit, who ran a poor third. The citizens committee slate, headed by Mayor Fry, were all re-elected.

For Cutting Bacon—Bacon is such a messy thing to cut up when you're wanting it in bits for an omelet or waffle batter. Use the kitchen scissors, which do the job speedily, easily and tidily.

Viking Items.

PEARSON—JONES

Thoughts and best wishes of many friends in Viking and in High River were directed to St. Benedict's church in High River on Saturday evening, where at an attractively arranged ceremony, Dorothy Edith Jones, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen W. Jones of High River, became the bride of Vernon Robert Pearson Jr., only son of Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Pearson of Edmonton.

Widespread interest in social and business circles in Edmonton is centered in the ceremony for both the bride and bridegroom are well known here. The bride formerly attended the University of Alberta and has many friends in campus circles. Upon returning from their wedding trip which will be spent in the south of the province, Mr. and Mrs. Pearson will take up residence in the city.

Attired in a gown of shell pink lace over taffeta fashioned with slender bodies and full skirt falling into a slight train, the bride was a pretty picture at her wedding. Over the frock was worn a little jacket with full sleeves—and a girle of blue velvet added a note of contrast to her ensemble. Her slippers of satin and her lace gloves were also in blue, and her tiny hat was of pink. Her veil was shoulder-length and she carried for her flowers a bouquet of pink roses and forget-me-nots in a colonial arrangement. She was given in marriage by her father.

Miss Eileen Pearson, sister of the bridegroom, who was bridesmaid, was dressed in sapphire blue taffeta with pink trim. Skirt of the frock was made full and the bodice fitting, and the jacket worn over the dress had tiny puffed sleeves. A pink taffeta sash at the waist and a smart pink turban and pink gloves completed her ensemble and she carried a bouquet of pink mums.

Brother of the bride, Mr. W. S. Jones, was best man and Miss Gwyneth Jones, of High River, a cousin of the bride, was soloist.

Rev. Neville Blunt performed the ceremony.

Following the ceremony a wedding reception to 35 guests was arranged at the home of the bride's parents, where receiving Mrs. Jones was dressed in a redingote frock of continental blue sheer over satin. She wore a smart off-the-face hat of blue velvet and a corsage of American Beauty roses.

Mrs. Vernon Pearson Sr., mother of the bridegroom, was dressed for the occasion in a gown of midnight blue lace, smart Gainsborough hat in blue and accessories to match. Her dress was a jacket model and pinned

to the shoulder was a corsage of pink roses.

Pink and white mums were used in profusion throughout the home for the reception, and on the bride's table centred with the three-tiered wedding cake, mums and tapers were used for decoration.

Later in the evening Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Pearson Jr. left by motor for their wedding trip which will be spent in the south of the province. To travel the bride was dressed in a modish frock of navy blue, triple sheer, trimmed in rust. Her topcoat was of rust and her accessories navy. They will make their home in Edmonton.

Edmonton guests present at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Pearson Sr., Miss Eileen Pearson, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Jones and Beverly, and Miss Gertrude Compton; Viking guests were Mr. and Mrs. Evan Jones.

WILLIAMS—BIGNELL

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bignell, Youngstown, Alberta, on Thursday afternoon, November 3rd, at 5 o'clock when their third daughter, Annette, was united in marriage to Edward Thomas Williams, of Viking, Alberta. Mr. Williams is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Ennas Mawdelur, Wales. Rev. H. O. Whaley, minister of Youngstown, United church, tied the nuptial knot.

The bride's wedding gown was blue taffeta, floor length with navy blue jacket.

After signing the register the happy party set down to a very sumptuous wedding breakfast that was served by the bride's mother.

The happy young couple left for Viking by motor on Friday morning where they will make their home. Mr. Williams is engaged in farming in that district.

A large circle of friends wish them many years of conjugal happiness and prosperity.

Mrs. O. Lund, pioneer lady of this community, died on Sunday after an illness which confined her to her home for some months. Funeral services were held on Wednesday afternoon from the Viking Lutheran church, which was largely attended.

Remembrance Day, November 11th, was fittingly observed in Viking when a service commemorating the signing of the Armistice on November 11th, 1918, was held in the Elks hall commencing at 2.30 p.m.

Present at the Armistice service in the Elks hall on Friday afternoon last from Kinsella were Mr. and Mrs. M. Nease, Mr. Dave Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Revill and others from that district.

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to use a gun...

the best way to hunt
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The Irma Times

It wouldn't do to take a gun to go out for customers. Hunting customers requires a clever technique, but business men are killed in their search for more business.

They are blind to the fact that advertising is good business. The investment in space in the columns of The Viking News is an investment which will return quickly and many times over in an increased sales volume.

Form the habit of keeping the news of your business before the public through The Viking News. Our readers are quick to take advantage of shopping opportunities. Your business will increase and more trading will be done at home by the shoppers.

It is more convenient to trade at home... Readers of the home-town paper patronize our advertisements. You don't need a license to advertise. See us for advertising aids.

The Irma Times

Heavy Damage To British Gunboat By Japanese Bomb

Shanghai.—British naval authorities announced that heavy Japanese bombing planes bombed the British gunboat Sandpiper at Changsha, causing considerable damage to the superstructure of the ship. No casualties were reported.

The British naval officers declared information received here made it doubtful if the bombing was accidental.

The bombing followed by a few hours a Japanese warning to foreign vessels to withdraw from the Hsankow area. The warning forecast a mass bombing of the tri-city area beyond anything yet attempted there.

Despite the warning, four British gunboats and two United States gunboats remained at their anchorage near Hsankow.

The warning made no mention of Changsha, nearly 200 miles airline distance from Hsankow, in a south-westerly direction. Changsha is located on the Siang river.

The Chinese press also declared Japanese planes bombed the steamship Kiangsheng near Yochow as it was sailing up the Yangtze river from Hsankow with a crowded load of refugees aboard.

There were 1,000 casualties, Chinese reported.

(Hankow reports said Japanese were heavily bombing railroad terminals on both banks of the river at Hsankow and were driving and strafing the streams of refugees crossing the roads leading west from the city. Large fires were started in the railroad yards at Wuchang, one of the tri-cities.)

Canton.—The principal business sections of Canton were wiped out by fire but a sudden shift in the wind saved Shamen, international settlement of the Japanese-captured city. Flames still swept unchecked through downtown Canton.

British, United States and French authorities sent ashore naval landing parties on Shamen island, just opposite central Canton, to help foreign civilians protect their colony.

All able-bodied men had been called out to tend down houses and roofs in the path of the fires approaching the district.

The landing parties helped round up looters who, in many cases, set fire to stores after ransacking them. Many foreign women and children found temporary refuge aboard the riverboat Tianshan, anchored between British gunboats.

Men residents of the international area joined Japanese troops in battling the fire after a northwest wind veered and ended the momentary danger of the flames leaping the narrow river between the island and the mainland.

The flames, fed by frequent explosions and apparently set by Chinese, burned in dozens of districts. A square mile of buildings in the downtown area was destroyed, including the post office and customs house.

Urge United Front To Help Marketing Of Western Products

Winnipeg.—Amalgamation of the United Grain Growers and the Manitoba Pool Elevators, Limited, and eventually the Saskatchewan and Alberta Pool Elevators into a united co-operative front to assist western Canada agriculture was urged by Premier John Bracken of Manitoba.

"Co-operation among farmers and farm organizations offers more hope for the marketing of our products than any other method," the premier told 250 persons gathered at the Manitoba Pool Elevators' annual banquet here.

Mr. Bracken, who has called an international conference on marketing of western agriculture to be held in Winnipeg in December, said Canada's "biggest and most difficult problem" in years is the marketing of Canada's surplus products. It is not a problem of only western Canada but of all Canada, he said.

By the "marriage" of the United Grain Growers and the western wheat pools, Mr. Bracken said, the three prairie provinces would have a united farmers' voice to deal with their problems, and with it a united approach in discussing difficulties with the federal government.

He pointed out that due to supply and demand, world wheat prices were down. Canadian wheat was selling

directly opposite Shamen and large Chinese-owned hotels, department stores and restaurants.

Panel-stricken Chinese servants fled from the homes of employers and engaged in a sit-down strike among concessions in the main street, near the Victoria hotel, which was badly damaged by explosions.

Air Training Command

To Establish Canadian Headquarters At Toronto

Ottawa.—Establishment of an air training command for Canada, with headquarters at Toronto, was announced officially by Hon. Ian MacKenzie, minister of defence. At the same time the minister confirmed that, following the set-up on the Pacific coast, an eastern command had been created for the Royal Canadian Air Force, with headquarters at Halifax.

The function of the air training command will be to direct and co-ordinate aviation instruction in the R.C.A.F. The main training station at Trenton will eventually come under the jurisdiction of the officer in charge of air training, Air Commodore Earl Godfrey.

Chiefly, it was explained, the object is to remove from the headquarters staff here the details connected with the actual day-to-day training of pilots.

The eastern command, under Wing Commander G. R. Brooks, will be "operational" and, although aspects of training will be supervised within the eastern area by the commanding officer, this, in the main, will be directed from Toronto.

Annual Spring Shows

Dates For Western Canada Have Been Announced By Secretary

Saskatoon.—Dates of the annual spring shows for western Canada have been announced by Sid W. Johns, secretary of the Western Canada Association of Exhibitions. The dates follow:

Brandon, week of March 15; Saskatoon, week of March 20; Regina, week of March 27; Calgary, week of April 4 and Edmonton, week of April 10.

First Line Of Defence

Says Newfoundland Is Bulwark Against Air Raids

Toronto.—Canada's first line of defence against air invasion is Newfoundland, Sir Alfred Morine, K.C., former minister of justice in Newfoundland, told the young men's section of the Toronto Board of Trade.

Should a foreign navy capture Newfoundland it would be provided with an air base from which to send raids against cities along the St. Lawrence River, Sir Alfred said.

To Establish Peace

Says Democratic And Dictator Countries Should Bury Differences

London.—Joseph Kennedy, United States ambassador to Great Britain, declared that democratic and dictatorial countries should bury their differences and seek to re-establish good relations in a world threatened with disaster from a mad armament race.

Speaking at the annual Trafalgar Day dinner of the Navy League, Mr. Kennedy praised Prime Minister Chamberlain's "all but superhuman efforts in behalf of peace" in the recent crisis. He said, however, that "only history will show whether or not he made the right decision."

In the light of that crisis, Mr. Kennedy said, "it is hard to quarrel with the decision of any nation to build up its military forces; in fact we can only commend such action on the part of those sincerely committed to a policy of peace."

But he expressed the belief that the armaments burden was approaching the point "where it threatens sooner or later to engulf us all in a major disaster," and "for this reason the American people look forward to the day when the nations of the world will realize they must agree upon limitation and reduction of armaments."

The ambassador declared it had long been his theory that it was "unproductive for both democratic and dictator countries to widen the division existing between them by emphasizing their differences, which are self-apparent."

"Instead of hammering away at what are regarded as irreconcilable they would advantageously bend their energies toward solving their common problems and attempt to re-establish good relations on a world basis."

Would Halt Arms Race

Report That Prime Minister Chamberlain May Consult With Hitler

London.—Havas News Agency said it was reported in government circles that before Prime Minister Chamberlain throws Great Britain's armaments machinery into high gear he will make a personal appeal to Chancellor Hitler for an arms limitation agreement.

In this connection, Havas noted, Sir Nevill Henderson, British ambassador to Germany, left Berlin for London to spend about a week here.

The news agency added that if Mr. Chamberlain takes the initiative toward limitation talks with Hitler, his plea will probably concern land as well as air armaments; past experience has indicated only qualitative limitation of land armaments can be hoped for.

It is taken for granted in London, said Havas, that France and United States would support any move toward a halt in the arms race. United States Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy, in an address to the Navy League, spoke in favor of limitation.

Peace In Palestine

British Troops To Keep Rebel Outbreaks Under Control

Jerusalem.—Reinforced British troops are preparing for a southward march to sweep the countryside of marauding Arab rebels while this pacified city looks forward to a new era of peace under civil government.

Reprints insist here that Jewish immigration to Palestine would be greatly curtailed or even stopped under a new approach by the United Kingdom government to the question of establishing peace between Jewish settlers and militant Arabs.

There was a belief in responsible but unofficial quarters that Great Britain definitely had scrapped proposals to divide the Holy Land and would continue for some years at least to keep general control in the absence of a final solution to the 23-year-old problem.

ASKS DUCES LENIENCY



Italy's decrees against Jews might have serious repercussions in the United States, Supreme Court Justice Salvatore A. Cotillo (above) of New York cabled Premier Mussolini, requesting an audience before the decrees go into effect. Cotillo, son of Italian immigrants, is a Knight Commander of the Crown of Italy.

Trade Pact Delayed

U.S. Government Insists On Greater Concessions From Britain

Washington.—The United States government has given Great Britain to understand, it was reported reliably, that substantial concessions on certain American products are necessary or negotiations for the Anglo-American trade treaty must collapse.

The state department was said to be insisting upon a substantial rather than a superficial agreement. This attitude has been reflected, it was reported, in a communication sent to the British government, summarizing concessions Great Britain has offered thus far and declaring they did not warrant the United States government signing the proposed pact.

This was the first public intimation in Washington the treaty, between United States and the United Kingdom, Newfoundland and certain of the colonies, might not materialize. Negotiations looking to this important pact have been carried on simultaneously with the drawing up of a new reciprocal trade treaty between the United States and Canada.

Negotiations for the Anglo-American agreement, which would cap State Secretary Hull's general program of bargaining down barriers to world trade, have been under way six months. Experts on both sides have predicted trade between the two countries would boom once an agreement on mutual tariff concessions was worked out.

Shows Profit

Manitoba Pool Elevators Have Good Surplus

Winnipeg.—Net surplus of \$728,000 after paying operating expenses for the last year was shown by the directors' report considered at the annual meeting of Manitoba Pool Elevators, Ltd. Liquid working capital of the company is in excess of \$800,000. To reduce principal on terminal indebtedness \$58,000 was paid. Pool Elevators now own three terminals at the head of the lakes with total capacity of 4,525,000 bushels, the third one having been purchased at the beginning of the present crop year.

During the past season the company operated 155 country elevators in Manitoba. Total receipts amounted to 18,035,921 bushels, slightly more than 27 per cent. of all deliveries in Manitoba.

Germany Would Like Trade Treaty With Britain And U. S.

Berlin.—German economists indicated that Germany would like to become a third party to the British-United States treaty now under negotiation in Washington.

One of Germany's highest economic authorities, without permitting his name to be used, expressed opinion the proposed Anglo-American treaty could more rapidly become a fact if Germany were let in on it.

According to this authority, the United Kingdom is unable fully to absorb raw materials from United States because of its agreements with Canada. Germany could take these American raw materials, such as cotton, and pay for them with industrial goods deliverable in England.

He mentioned chemicals as one specific German product which Great Britain could readily absorb. Some types of machinery were also mentioned.

This authority was not too optimistic over possibility of early elimination of trade barriers. So long as the international debt problem is not liquidated, it was his opinion Germany must stick rigidly to her controlled economy. The stability of German currency, he said, depended on strict control.

German barter relationships with the Balkan states have flourished, he added, because producers of Balkan raw materials have obtained a fixed and practically unvarying price year after year from Germany.

This has been possible, he explained, because Germany's exchange has not been affected by world currency fluctuations for the reason that its currency was not dependent on gold but had labor power behind it.

Ottawa.—Trade experts here were doubtful whether the Canada-German trade agreement or the proposed Canada-United States treaty would be affected if Germany became a third partner to the British-United States treaty now being negotiated in Washington.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King

has always welcomed any effort for freer trade but before government officials make any definite comment, details of any German trade proposal will have to be known.

The trade agreement and payments between Canada and Germany was negotiated by Trade Minister W. D. Buxton and signed Oct. 22, 1936. The agreement was to remain in force until Nov. 14, 1937, or "thereafter until either of the two governments shall have given two months' notice of termination." No notice of termination has been given and the treaty is still in force.

Receives Decoration

Col. Charles Lindbergh Presented With Order Of German Eagle

Berlin.—Col. Charles A. Lindbergh received one of Germany's highest decorations—the Order of the German Eagle—in an unceremonious presentation Tuesday by Field Marshal Hermann Goering.

The decoration came at a reception Hugh Wilson, United States ambassador, gave in honor of Lindbergh and Goering.

As Goering passed down the receiving line he paused when he came to Lindbergh, telling him he had orders from Reichsfuehrer Hitler to give him the decoration as a token of Germany's esteem of what Lindbergh had done for aviation.

The American aviator replied with a simple "thank you" and hung the decoration around his neck without any of the usual ceremonies attending bestowal of the honor.

Federal Aid For Fire Sufferers

Ottawa.—Federal grants of \$25,000 to the Canadian Red Cross to aid the fire sufferers in the Fort Frances district of northwestern Ontario and of \$15,000 to the municipality of St. Luc de Matane, Quebec, recently damaged by fire, were announced by Hon. Ernest Lapointe, acting prime minister.

To Promote Friendly Relations Between England and Germany

Clacton-on-Sea, England.—Sir Samuel Hoare appealed for Anglo-German co-operation to "fill up the trenches which have been dividing Europe."

At the same time he gave the government's pledge Great Britain would speed its rearmament and turn the United Kingdom into a fortress against air attack.

The home secretary, addressing a National government meeting here, defended Britain's preparations for war as based not on a distrust of Chancellor Hitler's "peaceful aspirations," but by the fear a successor to Hitler may not hold the chancellor's views on the need for amity between Britain and the Reich.

"Without friendly relations between England and Germany," the home secretary declared, "there can be no stable peace in the world."

The cabinet minister disclosed plans would soon be announced to make the civilian "home front as ready for action as any fighting service."

A vast campaign, he promised, would be set into motion to perfect anti-aircraft equipment, build up the air force, assure effective distribution of gas masks and create a system of trench refuges to make Britain im-

pregnable against a "knockout blow" from the air.

This tremendous national effort, the home secretary added, would be "founded upon British character, British corporate organization and British institutions, including the British preference for voluntary service."

Sir Samuel came vigorously to the defence of the Munich declaration signed by Hitler and Prime Minister Chamberlain which cast out war as a means of settling Anglo-German differences.

"Our critics declare that these are idle words and that you cannot believe the pledges of the German fuhrer," the home secretary said after reading the text of the peace declaration.

"I refuse to accept this view. I believe Herr Hitler, having met our prime minister and having freely discussed with him, man to man, the questions which may divide our two countries, means what he says."

"I know that those who do not take my view point to occasions when, having disclaimed the use of force, he (Hitler) has yet had recourse to it. I admit these instances inevitably give us cause for anxiety. None the less, I am convinced that friendly relations with England have always been a cardinal point in Herr Hitler's policy. And I am also convinced that without friendly relations between England and Germany there can be no stable peace in the world."

Sir Samuel recalled that he, on behalf of the British government, signed the Anglo-German naval agreement which Hitler had kept in his letter "in" in spirit.

"Here indeed is a concrete fact that entitles me to attach the greatest importance to the declaration made by Herr Hitler and Mr. Chamberlain," Sir Samuel declared. "Here indeed is a concrete fact that convinces me that with patience, restraint and readiness to understand our respective points of view, it is possible to fill up the trenches that have been dividing Europe into hostile camps and once again create a comity of nations upon which a stable peace can be restored to suffering humanity."

FIRST HONORS TO CANADA



The team from Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, which won first place in a field of twenty-six in the Collegiate Dairy Cattle judging contest at the National Dairy Show held at Columbus, Ohio. The team made a score of 5,371.6 points out of a possible 8,000 in the judging of all breeds of cattle. Three weeks earlier, at the Eastern States Exposition at Springfield, Mass., the same team won the major honors from seven United States colleges. Right to left: Prof. G. E. Rathby of the O.A.C.; E. B. Beer, F. J. Archibald, G. R. Egan and L. T. Sonley.

LOCALS

Mr. G. A. Tripp has been confined to his home for about a week on account of illness.

Mr. R. D. Smallwood is out again after being laid up with a severe attack of tonsillitis.

A number of Irma hockey fans motored to Edmonton last Tuesday to see the Edmonton-Trail game.

Ethel Tate and Irma Tweedie, Edmonton Normalites, were home for a few days' visit last week-end.

Mrs. M. Christensen of Jasper, Alberta, visited her brother, Mr. Jas. McDonald, in Irma last Thursday.

Watch for posters and further notice for the big Junior hockey club's dance to be held around the first of December. Bone's orchestra.

Chickenpox is still on deck in Irma. Progress at the public school has been retarded on account of so many children being absent due to illness.

The collectors for the British and Foreign Bible Society wish to thank all those who so kindly donated to the cause. The sum of \$23.50 was realized.

Anyone wanting a Permanent from Helen Samenk please send your name to Mrs. E. W. Carter immediately, so suitable dates can be arranged.

A re-organization meeting of the Irma Loyal Social Credit Group No. 1965 will be held in Kiefer's hall on Tuesday, Nov. 22, at 8 p.m. All Social Crediters cordially invited.

The annual meeting of the Irma Social Credit Group will be held in Kiefer's hall Monday evening, Nov. 28th. Will all members of the group please note the date and make an effort to be present.

The village council held a regular meeting on Thursday, November 10. An electric motor has been ordered from Mr. Chas. Lattner, which will be used at the rink to run the pump

and will be installed as soon as it arrives.

The November meeting of the local Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, 24th inst., at the home of Mrs. Parke. Topic: "Why a W.C.T.U.?" The need and purpose of this organization in a program of community and national welfare."

The regular meeting of the Alma Mater and Roseberry Ladies' Aid will be held on Thursday, Nov. 24, at the home of Mrs. McMillan. Hortensess, Mrs. A. A. Fischer and Mrs. Victor Larson. The devotionals will be taken by Mrs. C. Steele. All neighbors and friends are cordially invited.

CANADIAN OPINIONS OF THE WEEK

"We must arm to preserve peace, even in Canada." — Premier Mitchell Hepburn.

"Canada should adopt a nationalist foreign policy based solely on her own needs now that the collective system of international security has temporarily disappeared." — Professor Frank Scott.

"There is no better way to tear down Canada's democratic institutions than on unreasoning criticism and attacks on them." — Brig. Gen. Alex. Ross.

"Training in citizenship is the most important thing in the next 25 years if Canada is to be a nation." — Dr. J. G. Althouse.

"The curse of Canada today in individual and national life is fear based on a sense of insecurity." — Rev. Dr. C. Ritchie Bell.

"You will find in Canada that it is the men who work hardest and who accomplish most who somehow still find time to read books." — Christopher Ellis.

Church News

United Church Notes

Rev. E. Longmire, Minister
Sunday, November 20
Paschendale—11.15 a.m.
Crescent Hill—3 p.m.
Irma—Sunday school, 11 a.m.
Public Worship, 7.30 p.m.
Prayer and fellowship service on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.
A hearty welcome to all.

Anglican Church Notes

ST. MARY'S (Anglican) CHURCH
Rev. P. A. Rickard, Vicar
Service will be held on Sunday, November 20th at 2.30 p.m.
The W. A. will hold their meeting at the home of Mrs. Yeend on Tuesday, November 22nd, at 2.30 p.m.

SHARON LUTHERAN CHURCH
J. B. Stokes, Pastor
Sunday, November 20
Sharon:
Sunday school and Bible class 10.30.
Divine service (English) 11.30.
Luther League, 8.00 p.m.

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. JOHN MCCREADIE
Dear Mother, you are not forgotten. Though on earth you are no more, Still in memory you are with us As you always were before.
—Sadly missed by her sorrowing Husband and Daughter.
18p

Cleaning Oven Dishes.—Marks on fireproof oven dishes can be removed by rubbing with common salt while the dish is still hot.

Keeping Mustard Moist.—Dry mustard mixed with milk instead of water will not dry out but will keep moist until it has all been used.

WANT ADS

FOR SALE—Pure bred White Wyandotte roosters, \$1 each.—A. E. Knudson, Irma, Alta. 18

FOR SALE—One Blatchford Organ, piano case, 6 octaves, 11 stops. knee swell, splendid tone and in excellent condition. Good for home, school or church. Apply to Mrs. Nancy O. Parke, Irma. 18-25

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE for sale on moderate terms. Apply H. A. Symonds, Jarow, Alta. 18c

FOR SALE—One 4 ft. 6 in. bed, spring and two mattresses. Good condition. V. Hutchinson. 18c

FOR SALE—Fordson Tractor and plows, in good running order.—R. Frye. 11-18p

FARM FOR SALE
To close an estate the undersigned calls for tenders for the S. W. ¼ of 12-47-9, w. 4th, the property of C. J. Merry Estate. Tenders are to be filed by the 30th November, 1938, and the highest tender not necessarily accepted.
NATIONAL TRUST CO. LIMITED, Administrators.
10072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta. 18c

For Job Printing see E. W. Carter.

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EVERY TUESDAY
HIGHEST PRICES PAID
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for
Christmas

SPECIAL LOW RAIL FARES
NOV. 15th to JAN. 5th

RETURN LIMIT 5 MONTHS
from Stations Edmonton, Calgary, Macleod and East

Through Sleeping Cars to the Seaboard

Seven Sailings from MONTREAL
Nov. 24 DUCHESS of RICHMOND
Nov. 25 DUCHESS of BEDFORD
From QUEBEC
Nov. 29 MONTROSE
From SAINT JOHN
Dec. 2 MONTCLARE
Dec. 9 DUCHESS of YORK
Dec. 13 DUCHESS of RICHMOND
Dec. 15 DUCHESS of ATTOLL
(Halifax one day later)

For full information ask Ticket Agent

Canadian Pacific

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Dentist, of Viding
will be in the IRMA DRUG STORE
Every FRIDAY for Professional Services

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Phone 40
Irma - Alberta

IRMA L.O.L. No. 9965
Meets the last Monday in each month at 8 p.m.
Wor. Master J. G. Fenton
Rec. Secretary James Stead
Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

IRMA LODGE No. 56
Meets First and Third Tuesday in each month
at 8 p.m., in the I.O.O.F. Hall
Visiting Brothers Always Welcome.

Men's Buffalo Coats

Genuine Buffalo Coats, made from best grade prime skins. Collar and front trimmed in fancy brown top fur; quilted silk lining. All points of wear leather reinforced.
\$65
SPECIAL VALUE!



Men's Moleskin Jackets

The work garment for service. Made from smooth brown windproof moleskin that sheds dirt and chaff. Warmly lined with lumberjack flannel; slide fastener. All sizes. 3.95

CLEARANCE MEN'S WORK SWEATERS

Cardigan knit men's work sweater. Cotton and wool yarns. Colors: maroon and black. Sizes 38-40-42 only. 1.49
Clearing at

Men's Dollar Work Shirts

Made from strong cotton military flannel, in shades of grey and brown. Good big full cut shirts. Made with full yoke and two pockets.
\$1
SPECIAL



Men's Under Coat Sweater

A special value in a light weight sweater. All fine Botany wool yarns knit in fancy patterns, in green and brown. Neat collar and slide fastener.
Priced at only 2.98

MEN'S ACME MACKINAW WINDBREAKERS

No. 50. Made from warm all-wool 32 oz. Mackinaw in a rich brown plaid pattern. Bi-swing back; full slide fastener. 5.95

A stylish garment at
No. 30. This is made in exclusive patterns from the best grade all-wool 42 oz. Mackinaw cloth. Double pleat bi-swing back, slide fastening front and pocket. Shades are green and fawn. 7.50
SPECIAL VALUE



Children's Sweater Specials

Pullover sweaters for boys and girls. All sizes in several ranges which are broken in sizes but all sizes in the lot. Mostly V and Crew necks. Regular up to 1.50. Special at 89c

BOYS' HEAVY SWEATER

Boys' Jumbo style sweaters in black. Heavy V neck with shawl collar. Neatly trimmed. Sizes 28 to 32. 1
Regularly sold at 1.50. Special

LITTLE BOYS' SWEATERS

Made for little boys by the Ballentyne mills. Nicely made little jersey style sweaters in smart colors and smartly made. 1
Sizes 22 - 26 only.

BOYS' BALLENTYNE SWEATERS

Bigger boys' sweaters. Neat finish throughout. Lovely mixed shades. Crew neck with slide fastener. 1.95
Sizes 28 to 34. Priced at

MISSSES' BALLENTYNE SWEATERS

Plain colors and fancy stripes in neat Misses' all-wool pullovers. Sizes 28 to 34. 1.49

Grocery Specials

Apple Special

Choice "Grimes' Golden" Apples in heavy-pack cases. Lovely solid apples. 1.59
Only 25 Cases left.
SPECIAL

MacINTOSH RED APPLES

Top-hole grade beautiful solid apples. 1.69
Unwrapped

TOMATO JUICE—26 oz. large tins... 2 for 19c

CAKE FLOUR—Swansdown brand 29c

RAISINS—Seedless, choice, re-cleaned. 4 lb 55c

TABLE SALT—Windsor Iodized. 3 for 25c

JAM—Malkin's Best Pure Apricot. 59c
4 lb Tin

Ballentyne Jackets

Women! Here is your chance to get a warm sweater jacket at a real bargain. Ballentyne all-wool jacket, very warm. Colors: green, tango, etc. Sizes 34 to 40. Only seven jackets in the lot. Regular price 4.79. Special at 2.95

PRINTELLA NIGHT TOGS

Women's Printella Pyjamas. Warm, smartly styled nightwear made from fancy pattern Yama and Woollette cloths. 1.95
Sizes small, medium and large.

Women's Wearwell Hose

Cashmere Wearwell hose for women, made from fine Botany wool yarns combined with a small amount of lisle for extra wear. Fine gauge; good length; stretchy tops. New fall shades. Sizes 8 1/4 to 10 1/2. 59c

MONARCH SILK-AND-WOOL HOSE
Light winter hose that give warmth without bulk. Smart mixed shades in gunmetal, fawn and brown. Sizes 8 1/4 to 10 1/2. 39c
SPECIAL, Per Pair

Women's Wool Gloves
Good weight wool gloves for women. Made in short gauntlet style. Shades of brown and green. Special, 39c
Per Pair

WOMEN'S FLEECE-LINED GLOVES
Smart rayon gloves for women. Neat silk appearance, lined with a soft warm fleece. Black and brown. Large sizes. 25c
SPECIAL, Per Pair

Women's "Cavalcade" Shoes
Two very new numbers in women's street shoes. No 1 is made in guard style, in a nice dark brown, good fitting last with detachable Scotty tongue. No 2 is a bright shade willow calf with lower perforated vamp and very smartly styled. 3.59
SPECIAL, Pair

SKI Jackets
A new lot of jackets just in. Cozy warm wool jackets that just fill the bill for school, skating, skiing and sleigh riding. Lovely new color combinations. Sizes 14 to 20. 2.95 - 5.95
Priced

BOYS' and GIRLS' MELTON JACKETS
Edmonton made all-wool Melton jackets for boys and girls. Brown or navy, these garments are warm and windproof. Made with the blowing back and full slide front fastener. 2.95
Sizes 6 to 15 years. Special at

Men's "Aristocrat" Oxford
New Oxfords for men. Made on a nice new last, medium toe, lots of room in the arch and the ball of the foot. Nice bright, well-finished side stock upper with Oak bend leather sole. 3.95
SPECIAL, Pair

J. C. McFARLAND CO. IRMA, Alberta